

Dynamite Explosion.

Two Hundred People Instantly Killed

AND FIVE HUNDRED INJURED.

The Greek Takes Fire and is Still Raging. The Damage to Property Will Reach Millions of Dollars. Other Foreign News.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 7.—A large quantity of dynamite exploded in a factory here yesterday, totally demolishing that portion of the building in which the explosive was kept. The factory was located in the vicinity of the harbor, which at the time of the explosion was crowded. Burning fragments of the factory were hurled against the harbor, setting it on fire and creating a panic among the members, several of whom were injured.

The explosion occurred in a factory of steel immediately back of the docks upon which millions of cartridges were being loaded. Large petroleum stores are adjacent to the factory, and these were set on fire by the burning fragments, and are now burning fiercely. The city is enveloped in smoke. Fortunately the cartridges on the docks were not affected by the explosion.

The number of killed is now estimated at 200 and of the injured at 500 people. The damage to property will reach many millions. The fire is still burning furiously, and the heat from the burning masses of petroleum is intense, and it is impossible to approach within a hundred yards. Several vessels have been burned at their docks, and others were only saved through the prompt action of the officers in towing them out of danger. The fire is not now spreading, and it is hoped, if the wind does not rise again, that the flames can be confined to their present limits. A strong east wind would, however, set the whole city in a blaze.

The explosion occurred in a workshop, where a large number of old cartridges were being taken to pieces. Many men and women were employed in this also and their work was engaged in breaking up the old cartridges. There were fully 25,000,000 of these in and about the premises, a part of them already broken.

The flames cover two acres of ground, and rise to an immense height. Amidst the fierce roar of the flames are heard from time to time the loud reports of explosions, to which there seems to be no end. These explosions are supposed to be of packages of cartridges stored in the buildings, which seem to remain intact until the hot tongues of flames are actually upon them.

The shipping at the African docks and at the American docks is in serious danger, and all the facilities for removing the vessels from the immediate vicinity of the conflagration are being pressed into service.

The Disaster in Scotland.

EDINBURGH, Sept. 7.—Sixty-three men and boys have perished through fire in the manse Wood pit, near Penicuik, Midlothian. Twenty-one bodies have been recovered. The fire is one of the most disastrous mining calamities that has ever befallen Scotland. On Thursday morning sixty-five miners, including a contingent of boys, went down into the pit to prosecute their usual calling, and all but two have perished. Hitherto mining disasters in Scotland have been confined to explosions of fire-damp, and these have all been in the west of Scotland, where, as at Blantyre and Coltness, there are fiery seams of coal. On the east coast fire-damp is an dangerous quantity is a thing unknown, and consequently mining has hitherto been considered a comparatively safe. The present calamity, however, shows other perils have to be faced, and the disaster of Manse Wood takes rank with the two great tragedies of Blantyre and Coltness in awful destruction of life.

There is not the faintest hope of any one in the pit having escaped except the two men who brought the intelligence of the fire to the surface. The pit belongs to the Shotts Iron company. The mouth of the pit is situated on top of a hill. The shaft descends a distance of eighty fathoms. At the bottom is a level mine extending fifty fathoms. Coal and iron were conveyed up the incline by ladders running in rails, and these up the shaft in the usual cages. The coal sides of the incline were lined with wood. It is this wood which appears to have taken fire. The miners who were engaged at the lower level were literally hemmed in and could find no way of escape.

Every effort was made to rescue, but in vain. No one could live in the dense smoke. Dr. Badger, who examined the bodies removed, states that the corpses were frightfully scorched, not with the actual fire, but with the hot air in the pit, the temperature of which is stated to have been high enough to melt lead. The flesh adhered to the clothes, and the ghastly spectacle was rendered the most hideous by the fact that, on endeavoring to remove their boots the feet parted from the legs.

The London Labor Troubles.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—There has been a slight break in the ranks of the employers. Five wharfingers have agreed to the men's terms and upon their harvest work is now going on to the full capacity. At the other wharves men have congregated in large numbers ready to go to work at a moment's notice, the wharfingers being all so it is reported, ready to make terms with the strikers. The aspect of affairs alone

Commissioner Tanner

Rumors That He Has Sent in His Resignation

AS COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

The Story Denied By Mr. Tanner Himself. Although a Mysterious Interview Took Place Between Him and Secretary Noble—Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Last night the story that Commissioner of Pensions, Tanner, had tendered his resignation to the secretary of the interior was put in circulation. Although the original authority for it was a prominent official of the interior department the story was generally discredited. Statements concerning it were contradictory. They are just as contradictory today.

However true or false this story may be, there is no doubt that the impression that there is to be a change in the commission-ship is gaining. It is known that Secretary Noble before he went away for his vacation trip, was much displeased with the record of affairs in the pension office, as had before him in the preliminary report of the commission appointed to investigate that office.

Some of Mr. Tanner's friends say that the endorsement given him by the Grand Army of the Republic of Milwaukee was not as enthusiastic as they had expected, and they believe that if the stories which credit Secretary Noble with a desire to be relieved of his commission of pensions are true the time for decisive action is near at hand.

Commissioner Tanner was at the interior department yesterday and had an interview with the secretary. What the purpose of it was, only two men know. It may have served as the foundation for the story that the commissioner had offered his resignation.

Commissioner Tanner said this morning to a United Press reporter: "There is no truth whatever in the story that I have tendered my resignation to Secretary Noble."

The Cabinet Petrol.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The report of the board appointed to make a test of the cabinet petrol has been received by Secretary Noble, and bears out the prediction generally made, that the vessel did not develop the amount of horse power required by the contract. An average horse power of 1,011 was maintained during the trip, 55.21 horse power less than that required by the specifications. This deficit will cost the contractor, the Columbia iron works, of Baltimore, a penalty of \$5,321.

The board states that the engines worked satisfactorily, except that the vacuum maintained in the condensers was less than that required by the specifications. The boilers became very dirty, and it was impossible, on this account, to keep up the required steam pressure. The fuel used was ordinary high grade, containing much state ash and clinker. The average speed was 11.4 knots per hour. The members of the board unite in stating that the workmanship reflects great credit on the contractor, and that the vessel is sufficiently strong to carry the armor and equipment intended for her.

Prospects of an Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The Evening Capital quotes a prominent United States senator as follows: "I saw the president the other day, and the cause of conversation I said: 'Mr. President, I don't wish to be impertinent, but I would like to know if you are going to call an extra session?' I want to know so that I can perfect my arrangements."

"The president smiled and said: 'The members and senators from the new states could not get here before the 10th of November, and I think it would be very foolish to call congress to meet just two weeks in advance of the time for the extra session. I am still in doubt about the extra session, as the cabinet has not yet discussed the question in meeting.' Attorney General Matthews, however, after I had seen the president, thought it would be an extra session. However, I place more dependence in what the president said."

Important Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The president has appointed Thomas H. Anderson, of Ohio, minister resident and consul general of the United States to Bolivia. Edwin Dunn, of New York, to be secretary of the legation of the United States to Japan. Arthur W. Barrett, of Massachusetts, to be secretary of the legation of the United States to Venezuela.

Also the following consuls: Joseph T. Mason, of Virginia, at Manheim; Bernard G. MacViney, of New York, at Managua, Nicaragua; Andrew Palmer, of the District of Columbia at Dresden; and John D. DeHille, of Texas, at Bristol.

Nagle Testifies in His Own Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 7.—Deputy Nagle, testifying in the habeas corpus proceeding yesterday, that Terry struck Justice Leight twice, once in the face with his right hand and then on the back of the head with his left hand, Nagle threw out his hand to keep Terry off and shouted: "Stop that; I am a United States officer. Terry then turned his attention to Nagle. His hand was raised for another blow, while he glared angrily at Nagle. Then he moved his hand toward his bosom, and Nagle, believing his life in danger, fired twice. Terry falling, Nagle said Terry looked like a man crazy with anger. Nagle knew he always carried a knife. This concluded the testimony. The question of jurisdiction will be argued Wednesday.

Death of a Boston Laborer.

BOSTON, Sept. 7.—Edward P. Rankin, aged 46, sporting editor of the Boston Herald, died yesterday at the Rose Standish house, Downer landing, of heart disease.

Not Dead, as Reported.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 7.—The story published north in a special from Charlotte that Empire Marshall, of Wadesboro, this state, who was hit on the head with a bat, at a base ball game in Lexington, S. C., last week by Congressman Dargun's son, died Monday, is erroneous. Marshall is resting well now, and his physician hopefully expects his permanent recovery.

Negro Converts Killed.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 7.—At Rising-town Furnace yesterday three negro convicts were killed by a premature explosion of dynamite. The accident was the result of the men's carelessness.

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DIME MUSEUM TRUST.

English Capitalists Anxious to Secure a Corner in Franks.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 6.—There is a movement on foot to unite the large dime museums in the principal cities of the United States under one great syndicate, of which Barnum & Bailey will be the controlling power. The money is to be furnished by English capitalists, and Mr. Bailey is to conclude the arrangements next month when he goes to England. It is proposed to purchase the museums and issue part stock in the syndicate, the owners being retained on a salary as directors of the places they now control.

Kohl, Middleton & Company have been offered \$300,000, half in cash and the balance in stock, for six places—one in Minneapolis, St. Paul and Cincinnati, and three in Chicago. They are disposed to look favorably upon the proposition, but want to set a price of \$300,000 and retire from business. Similar propositions have been made to a number of larger firms, among them being Wagonland, of Detroit, and McGinnis, of St. Louis. All favor the plan. It will take at least \$2,000,000 to carry out the scheme.

A THREAT OF VENGEANCE.

It Was Never Carried Out by Billy Murphy, an Ex-Convict.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 7.—Timothy Stocking, a hard drinker, shot and killed Billy Murphy, an ex-convict, early this morning. Murphy was prowling around Stocking's premises, evidently intending to kill Stocking, as he had often threatened to do. His motive for Stocking dated from 1883, when the men were rivals for the hand of a young lady in Chicago, where both then lived. Stocking being a detective and Murphy a plumber.

The girl married Stocking. Murphy became dissipated and was finally caught robbing a house. Stocking was the principal witness against him. He served a term in Joliet for the crime, and swore that he would kill both Mr. and Mrs. Stocking when he regained his liberty. After his release he followed the couple all over the country, threatening his threats, to which little attention was paid. He had been driven from Stocking's premises several times by the police.

SEVEN SEIZURES IN ALL.

The Latest Reports Show that the Rush Is Doing a Lively Business.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 7.—A dispatch from Victoria, B. C., says: "That the schooner Lilly, belonging at that place, arrived there from Behring sea last night. She reports that she was boarded Aug. 6 by the United States revenue cutter Rush, her papers searched and 233 sealskins confiscated. She was ordered to proceed to Sitka, but there was no prize crew placed aboard."

The vessels sailed for a few days after this, but finally sailed for home. On her way down she spoiled the Victoria schooner Kate. The latter reported that she had been ordered to leave by the Rush, and did so, but the wind was so high that the cutter could not lower a boat. The Kate was ordered out of Behring sea; she had 550 skins aboard. Officers of the Rush told officers of the Lilly that seven schooners had already been seized.

A Reward for Negro Whippers.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 7.—A delegation of citizens called on Governor Gordon yesterday, and asked him to take action concerning the whipping of a lot of negroes by unknown white men Thursday night at East Point, near Atlanta. The affair grew out of the lynching of a negro boy Wednesday for rape. The negroes held a mass meeting and the citizens becoming scared sent for police from Atlanta. The presence of the officers prevented further trouble, but they had gone a lot of white men went to different cabins and whipped the negroes. The governor has offered a reward of \$100 for any person convicted of having taken part in the affair.

Locked Up as Incendiarists.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Sept. 7.—Levin B. Hall and Sarah F. Hall, his sister, of Fairmount, Somerset county, were arrested and lodged in jail at Princess Anne yesterday on a writ sworn out by George A. Cox, charging them with incendiarism in the burning of Cox & Miles large store house and two dwellings on Sunday night. There had been bad feeling between the Halls and the firm of Cox & Miles for some months back.

Killed By a Locomotive.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 7.—Frederick Schmitz and Louis Ludwig, his helper, aged 16 years, while crossing the Pennsylvania tracks at Bay Way this morning in a covered wagon, did not see an approaching express train. The locomotive struck the wagon full in the center, and threw the occupants out, killing them instantly. Both were terribly mangled, and the boy was out in twin.

Horses Killed by Lightning.

COLUMBUS, Wis., Sept. 7.—During the thunder storm Wednesday five head of horses belonging to J. B. Franklin, an extensive breeder, living near Fall River, were instantly killed by a stroke of lightning. The animals were passing through bars in a barn when order was struck, and lay upon the ground as if asleep with the mark of the stroke upon the right side of each one. They were of high bred stock.

Convention of Swedish Friends.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 7.—The Swedish Mission Friends, who correspond closely to the Congregational sect, are holding their fifth annual convention in this city. Some 400 delegates are present. Dr. Paul Peter Woldestrom, the most famous minister of Sweden, is here, and preached to 4,000 people last night. The convention will be in session the rest of the week.

Real Improvement

Is Seen in Almost Every Department of Business.

THE EFFECTS OF GOOD CROPS.

News From Abroad Indicate a Large Foreign Demand—All Danger of a Monetary Stringency is Now Over—Features of the Past Seven Days.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—R. C. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: Real improvement is seen in almost every department of business. With each week it becomes more certain that the crops of the year will be large, and of late the news from abroad has clearly indicated a larger foreign demand, while such speculation as might arrest the outward movement of grain and provisions has thus far been prevented.

In cotton, on the other hand, the present security rules the price in spite of bright prospects as to the coming crop. The effect of heavy bond purchases by the treasury has been great in the stock market, and is now felt in much better demand for commercial paper, while the prevailing opinion in the street is that all danger of monetary stringency is over for the year. Nor can good reason be seen for distrusting this impression, unless speculation is pushed so far as to cause mischief.

Meanwhile the unfavorable effects of recent dry goods and manufacturing failures are gradually wearing off, as no further disasters of importance have followed. The reports from other cities are unusually satisfactory, indicating at every point either improvement or continuance of previous activity where the expansion of trade had been greatest. At Chicago, August livestock receipts were larger than for any other month, and grain receipts increased, though receipts of provisions fell off. Sales and collections are up to the average, and the supply of money is ample for the demand, though there is a slight tendency to hold off for better rates. At Omaha and St. Paul business continues, and at Kansas City there is increase with money at all these points in fair supply and collections fair. The demand is brisk at Milwaukee, but the supply ample; at Detroit collections are better, and business increasing with the close of the long month.

At Cleveland there is great activity, especially in one and pig iron, and the demand for ore seems to have actually exhausted the supply for the season. At Pittsburgh and Philadelphia improved conditions in the iron business, and glass is fairly active, as are lighters, drugs and chemicals at Philadelphia, and building permits for the year thus far have been 1,531 against 5,313 to date last year. But trade in wool and coal is dead. At Boston, however, wool is selling more freely, 2,672,000 pounds for the week, largely of Montana and Ohio fleece, at some concession in price, but more confidence is felt. Leather is in active demand, and boots and shoes are steady, with the factories well supplied with orders until October.

The improvement in iron and steel is general at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, but large buyers hesitate here, and No. 1 pig is still quoted at \$17 to \$18, with bids at \$20 to \$25. The demand for bar iron is heavy, and prices have advanced. Though the production is enormous, it is realized that cost of making iron is advancing almost everywhere, and meanwhile the remarkable rise in prices abroad shuts all foreign competition to an unusual extent. The coal trade does not improve, however, and the vote to restrict September production has failed as yet to bring the desired increase of orders. Copper is weaker abroad and apathetic here, though offered for future delivery below present syndicate prices. Tin has been weaker at twenty and one-half cents for spot, and lead stronger at four cents.

The attempt to hoist wheat on exaggerated estimates of the European deficiency and demand has not been a success, and the price has declined one and five-eighths cents for the week, with sales of only 7,000,000 bushels. That Europe will want more wheat than it did last year is obvious, and this country has a great deal more to sell. Corn also fell a cent, with sales of 7,000,000 bushels, and the continued exports, reaching 5,000,000 bushels for four weeks of August, leave an important bearing on the probable price of wheat. Oats were also a shade lower, and oil declined one and one-half cents, with small transactions.

Sugar has gone still lower, but at the decline some increased demand appears. Pork has been steady and higher, while the speculators in coffee have raised the price to nineteen and one-fourth cents. The distribution of groceries is generally liberal, and in dry goods the jobbing trade has been very large, with print cloths selling below 3 7/8 cents for 61s, dress goods steady, and woolen goods, as before, in comparatively light demand.

During the past week there has been great activity and a general advance in stocks under the exceptional stimulus afforded by treasury disbursements. The cash holdings of the treasury have been reduced over \$15,000,000 since a week ago, partly in payment for bonds, of which considerable offers are still made daily, and partly in the disbursements incident to the beginning of the month.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States, 171, and for Canada, 27, or a total of 201, as compared with a total of 211 last week and 206 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 221, representing 184 failures in the United States and 39 in Canada.

BUT LITTLE PROGRESS MADE.

Difficulties Experienced in Selecting a Jury in the Cronin Murder Case.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The work of securing a jury in the Cronin murder case was resumed with but one, Freeman Gross, practically accepted by both sides. Two, George H. Brayton and Ed. Graham, have been accepted temporarily. The morning proceedings began by the examination of Tadman Wallace (Gibson, of Blue Island). He had an opinion on the case and was excused.

Up to noon adjournment thirteen talesmen had been examined and excused. Some had an opinion, and others were prejudiced and others opposed to capital punishment. One man was peremptorily challenged by the defense.

OHIO STATE TELEGRAMS.

VARIOUS HAPPENINGS IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE STATE.

A Heartless Robber is Charged With Stealing a Man's Pocketbook and False Teeth—Work of the State Board of Pardons—Other State News.

McCONNELLSVILLE, O., Sept. 7.—Marshall Dye and Constable Wells returned last night from Muskingum county with a man by name of William Sparrow, charged with highway robbery. The facts in the case are most interesting.

A stranger came here about two weeks ago and registered at the Kannebo hotel as Frank Mettigan, Waynesburg, Pa. He represented himself as selling eye glasses. The next night he failed to appear, and in the morning was found lying on the common road drunk, minus his pocketbook, which contained about \$50, and a full set of upper false teeth. What one would want with the money is easily seen, but what any one would want with the teeth is a mystery.

Marshall Dye noticed two strangers in the town the same day, and suspected them as being the guilty parties, but could find nothing definite nor any one that knew them. Since that he has been doing a little private detective work, which resulted as above. One of the men had left for parts unknown. The other will have his hearing before the mayor.

State Board of Pardons.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 7.—The state board of pardons had a full session yesterday. The following pardons were recommended: Frank Heintz, sent up from Lucas county for robbery, and sentenced for one year; Samuel Wagonmaker, convicted in September, 1884, in Mahoning county, of the crime of forgery on twenty-five indictments of two years each; Fred Davis, sent up from Williams county for burglary, and sentenced for fifteen months. The governor pardoned Heintz, and his mother, being here, has taken him home.

Fished Out of the Lake.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 7.—The body of a well dressed man, evidently a foreigner, was found in the lake, just inside the breakwater here yesterday. Around one wrist was tied a piece of rope, which it was evident had also been fastened to the other arm. The remains were considerably decomposed, but not so much as to prevent recognition. The face is covered with heavy beard, light brown in color. The man was evidently about 40 years of age. Paul play is suspected.

Paying the Fee.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 7.—Railroad Commissioner Cappeller reports that the annual reports of the railroads are coming in quite rapidly, and that all of the railroads are paying the fee of \$1 per mile as required by the act of last winter. This makes the office more than sustaining, and will put several thousand dollars into the state treasury.

Gambling House Raided.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 7.—The police yesterday made another raid on John Alexander's gambling house and cleaned out his establishment.

Passenger Train Derailed.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 7.—At 5 o'clock yesterday morning passenger train No. 1 on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad was derailed at Pennington. A freight train was lying on a siding, and a brakeman at the switch in a hurry to get his train out, turned the switch. As the last sleeper was passing over the switch, it was thrown on its side, injuring Mrs. H. W. Clark and Marion Clark, of Pittsburgh, and W. H. Shaker, of Englewood. The injured were taken home, where, it is said, their injuries would not prove fatal.

Destructive Fire.

LINCOLN, O., Sept. 7.—Incendiarists started a fire early this morning in the rear of a saloon, and in two hours almost the entire business part of the town was destroyed, causing a loss of \$200,000. The fire burned from Linkville bridge to the United States signal office. The insurance is small, as companies had recently raised their rates.

A Suicide's Body Recovered.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—The body of James S. Denott, who jumped overboard from the South Ferry boat on Monday evening, was picked up off the foot of Jay street, Brooklyn, yesterday, and sent to the morgue to await the arrival of relatives, who are expected to see to its burial.

Race Ball.

ASSOCIATION GAMES. At Baltimore—Baltimore 3, St. Louis 2. At Columbus—Columbus 7, Louisville 3. NATIONAL LEAGUE. At New York—New York 4, Indianapolis 5. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 4. At Boston—Boston 3, Pittsburgh 6.

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THE MARION DAILY STAR

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

W. G. HARDING.

By Mail, \$1 per Year in Advance
Delivered by Carrier, 10 Cts. per Week
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.

The Democracy should bring Camp bell here for a speech. The Prohibitionists have Dr. Helwig next week, Gov. Foraker will address the Republicans the week after, and the Democrats will be behind times if the "Campbells are not coming" here. Marion county is a good field for a lively campaign.

The fools continue to live, especially the class of foolish people who continue to risk their lives for temporary notoriety. A special dispatch received this afternoon, states that Brodie, the New York bridge jumper, made a successful trip through Horse Shoe Falls at Niagara this morning. The perilous trip was made in a rubber suit, and Brodie passed over safely, excepting that he was badly bruised.

A certain faction of the local Democracy is making a disgraceful fight against Auditor Clark for the second term that he so justly deserves. This is none of our business particularly, but we despise dirty, personal campaign, and have no hesitancy in saying so in this case. Both aspirants for auditor are highly esteemed personally, and we are surprised that a man of Mr. Guthrie's worth will allow his friends to stoop so low as to assail Mr. Clark personally. It is mean warfare and it does no good. The personal fights against Cook and Kelly achieved nothing, but rather spurred their friends on to greater efforts in their behalf. If Mr. Clark is underserving of a second term, or if the second term for auditor is to be abolished, let Mr. Clark be knocked out squarely, but we do hope those who deal in dirty personalities will be effectually put down upon. There is too much of a tendency to stoop beneath decency to win a political fight. It is an unfortunate and should not be countenanced. Mr. Guthrie can win friends by calling off the hounds, otherwise Mr. Clark's friends will have an incentive to redouble their efforts in his behalf.

Prospect Clippings.
[From the Advance.]

Sau and Harry Fritch are carpentering in Marion.

B. F. Thomas, of Marion, was in town Tuesday afternoon and evening.

A. G. Robinson and Harry May, of Marion, attended the festival on Tuesday night.

Geo. Millhouse, of Marion, was on our streets Tuesday, and looks as natural as ever.

John Thomas, of Marion, was in town Sunday and Tuesday of this week.

Geo. Senholt, of Marion, called on our numerous friends in this city Tuesday.

John Owens, of Owen Station, was in town Tuesday and was turning a painful hand. He slightly scratched his hand the day before and erysipelas set in almost at once, and it was badly swollen.

W. W. Dix, has a curiosity at for a place in a fine museum, in the shape of a two-month-old hog having two feet. The extra member is located on one of its front legs and is perfectly formed. It uses both feet, one equally well as the other.

H. R. Clowes, accompanied by Lawyer J. C. Johnston, of Marion, leaves for North Dakota on Friday evening. They will spend Sunday in Chicago while on their way. Mr. Clowes goes to his new business site at Ashley. Mr. Johnston will view that portion of the western country for a short time.

N. V. L. E. and W. E. Excursion Rates.

On September 10th and 21st, the Chicago and Atlantic road will sell round trip tickets at one limited first-class fare for the round trip, to all points in Arkansas, South ern Missouri, beyond and including Butler, Clinton and Springfield, except that tickets shall not be sold to Missouri river points in any case, to Texas, Indian Territory, New Mexico, Colorado, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Arizona and Dakota to Nebraska and Kansas, except Missouri river points; to all points in northwestern Iowa, west of Iowa Falls, Webster City, Wall Lake, Sioux City, Mason City and Sumner; to all points in Minnesota, west of Sleepy Eye, Winnetonka City, Otava, Lake Crystal, Belgrade, Morton, Little Falls and Wilmar. Tickets to be limited thirty days from day of sale.

C. and A. Excursion Rates.

On Sept. 10 and 21 and Oct. 8, 1889, the Chicago and Atlantic road will sell round trip tickets at one limited first-class fare for the round trip, to all points in Arkansas, South ern Missouri, beyond and including Butler, Clinton and Springfield, except that tickets shall not be sold to Missouri river points in any case, to Texas, Indian Territory, New Mexico, Colorado, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Arizona and Dakota to Nebraska and Kansas, except Missouri river points; to all points in northwestern Iowa, west of Iowa Falls, Webster City, Wall Lake, Sioux City, Mason City and Sumner; to all points in Minnesota, west of Sleepy Eye, Winnetonka City, Otava, Lake Crystal, Belgrade, Morton, Little Falls and Wilmar. Tickets to be limited thirty days from day of sale.

Steam Laundry for Sale.

The new Steam Laundry is to be sold under a shuffling mortgage together with all equipments. An excellent chance for one or two young men to engage in a business in which they can make plenty of money without an hour's delay or a cent of expense. I am going to sell it. Call and see me now, at my office. Delays are dangerous in this instance. I will furnish an experienced man to start any one buying it. This is the accepted time.

J. C. JOHNSTON.

THE SWEET CLOVER.
A Remarkable Growth That is the Delight of Country Bluffs.
No one knows just how or where it came from or why it came, but a snow and sweet breasted intruder has come into the city to dispute with the lordly sunflower his long and undisputed title of squalor sovereignty to all the vacant lots and blocks in Council Bluffs, Iowa. And the meek little blossom on the summit of the sweet clover plants are looking upon the swift and certain destruction of the pioneer sunflower. Over one-third of the bottoms, where a year ago nothing but the gigantic rosinous weed turned its black and yellow face to the sun, and where it grew in such luxuriance that even the noxious cockle burr was choked out of existence, the fragrant sweet clover has appeared and holds undisputed dominion over every other green thing. Over hundreds of vacant lots in the new additions the threesome yellow has given place to the dark, rich foliage and fragrant perpetually blooming sweet clover.

Local botanists who have examined the new plant with a good deal of interest and care say that it is positively a new species, produced by some unknown and accidental cross, and that its vigor and spreading proclivities are the most wonderful features of its nature. The old fashioned sweet clover was a frail and gloriously pliant, that loved the friendly shade of the grove and the longest untroubled summer nights, a characteristic which made it a proper lawn ornament. But this new and thrifty product of Council Bluffs appears the protection of the trees and goes out boldly in the fields and meads and conquers the sun loving sunflower in his chosen grounds.

As a foliage plant it is perhaps one of the most remarkable in existence for its luxuriance. In many respects it resembles the alfalfa clover, but it is stronger, thrifter, and of much more rapid growth than that remarkable plant that furnishes three crops of hay a year in western territories.

It grows to the height of four or five feet, with a dense leafy foliage and a perfect brush of sweet scented blossoms. The leaf is small and juicy, of a rich dark green, very much resembling the alfalfa clover. It is so new and its habits so little understood that it is not known what its value may be as a foliage plant for stock.

In its present rank character stock will not eat it, but, tamed by repeated clipping and cultivation, it may become one of the most valuable plants to the stockman and farmer.

But whether it has any value or not in the development of beef and horseflesh, it is of inestimable worth to the people of Council Bluffs as a swift destroyer and fragrant substitute for the ubiquitous sunflower, that has furnished provocation for so many and reflections upon the city, notwithstanding enthusiastic assertions have sought to popularize the meek yellow crowned weed by painting it on panels and wearing it on their buttons. It is a lovely and lovable plant, so suitable that it will come right up to your doors and crowd its white head into your windows, and so determined upon having the company of its fellows that it makes a covenant with the soil that where one plant grows this year thousands must grow next. A year ago there was perhaps not enough of the plant in the entire city to cover half an acre; now there are hundreds of acres densely covered with it. The color from the acres of white flowers fills the air, and after a midsummer shower the peculiar and delicate fragrance is indescribable, and as sweet as the breath of peris.—Omaha Bee.

A Live Rattlesnake in a Depot.

A colored waiter in the new Central Railroad depot restaurant in Jersey City saw a rattlesnake crawling along the floor near a party of ladies. He yelled "Snakes!" and the ladies ran out into the car shed screaming. The waiter had an awful disliking. As the snake was heading for him he dropped the dish and ran. Two men who had been eating at the lunch counter followed him. One of the ladies who had run out told John Van Pelt, a conductor, about the snake. Van Pelt got a stick and a friend of his got another, and they went into the restaurant. Half a dozen waiters, a cook and three passengers were sitting on the lunch counter. They were tired. The snake was crawling toward the door, shaking its rattle savagely. Van Pelt and his friend made a combined attack. Van Pelt's stick was pointed, and he speared the snake through the neck, pinning it to the floor. The other man beat the reptile to death. Then the waiters and cook and passengers came down from the counter. The snake was about two feet long. It had four rattles. How it got into the depot is a mystery. Possibly it had been shipped as freight, and had in some way escaped from confinement.—New York Sun.

Cremation in Paris.

The cremation furnaces in Paris are now in complete working order and the municipal council of the city has, after due deliberation, reached a decision as to the scale of charges for the incineration of the dead in cases where this system may be preferred to burial. Fifty francs is the tariff, and as the payment of this small sum gives, in addition to the use of the furnace, the right of occupying a shelf in the "columbarium" for five years, the charge is not in any way excessive. Of course, the urn required to contain the ashes of a cremated person constitutes an extra, as likewise the pomp to be displayed in cremation, for which latter item the sum of from twelve francs to 200 francs may be asked. For the simple burning process, however, and for a five years' right to a shelf in the "columbarium" the price of a couple of pounds is really low.—London Standard.

Rumors are rife in London as to the health of the Prince of Wales, which is said to be much impaired. It is also said that he seeks to keep the real truth of his condition from the newspaper reading public.

Local Time Card.
Following is the time card for the city of Marion, O., according to the Standard Time.
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.
W. G. HARDING.
No. 1. 10:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. 12:30 p.m. to 2:30 p.m. 2:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. 8:30 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. 10:30 p.m. to 12:30 a.m. 12:30 a.m. to 2:30 a.m. 2:30 a.m. to 4:30 a.m. 4:30 a.m. to 6:30 a.m. 6:30 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. 8:30 a.m. to 10:30 a.m. 10:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. 12:30 p.m. to 2:30 p.m. 2:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. 8:30 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. 10:30 p.m. to 12:30 a.m. 12:30 a.m. to 2:30 a.m. 2:30 a.m. to 4:30 a.m. 4:30 a.m. to 6:30 a.m. 6:30 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. 8:30 a.m. to 10:30 a.m. 10:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. 12:30 p.m. to 2:30 p.m. 2:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. 8:30 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. 10:30 p.m. to 12:30 a.m. 12:30 a.m. to 2:30 a.m. 2:30 a.m. to 4:30 a.m. 4:30 a.m. to 6:30 a.m. 6:30 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. 8:30 a.m. to 10:30 a.m. 10:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. 12:30 p.m. to 2:30 p.m. 2:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. 4:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. 8:30 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. 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The Largest Stock, The Best Quality, The Lowest Prices

CHINAWARE, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE AND LAMPS,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

—ON—
—IS FOUND AT—

GURLEY & MONROE,
(Successors to Williams & Gurley) Dealers in
FLOUR AND FEED!

Best Brands of Flour in the market. All kinds of Feed—
Corn, Oats, Hay, Straw, Mill Feed, Screenings, Cracked Corn and
Corn and Oats Chop. All
ORDERS DELIVERED PROMPTLY!
OFFICE AND SALESROOM, NORTH OF JAIL.

COAL! L. B. GURLEY, dealer
in all kinds of Coal.
TO SAVE MONEY
buy your winter supply
now. Office N. of Jail.

FOR RENT.—Nicely furnished front
room at No. 28 north East street.

FOR RENT.—Suite of 5 rooms in Cen-
tral block 24 floors; price \$12.50
per month. J. G. Lippert, The Grocer.

FOR RENT.—One furnished room and
one not furnished, at No. 68, north
East street. 2541F

WANTED.—A good girl to do general
housework. Good wages and steady
position for the right kind of a girl.
Inquire of Mrs. O. A. Howard, north East
street, near school house. 2541F

HOUSE TO RENT.—Immediately, to re-
sponsible parties only; five rooms,
well and eastern water, wash house, etc.,
on Boulevard. Inquire of Kleinman Bros.

—E. Huber was at Columbus Friday, vis-
iting the State Fair.

—A large supply of good, dry kindling at
L. B. Gurley's, north of jail.

—Get your rubbers and tin lids for glass
fruit cans at The People's Store.

—Ralph Bregardus, of Kenton, was the
guest of George Roberts and family, Fri-
day.

—M. G. Mitchell, of Galion, was in the
city Friday, the guest of W. C. Barker and
family.

—Mrs. M. L. Cunningham, of Fostoria,
is in the city to spend a week with her
sister, Mrs. D. L. Stouffer, on north East
street.

—The school examiners and a number of
teachers were on hand today for county
examination, but were all fooled, as the ad-
vertised date is next Saturday.

—Our clipped dried beef is of the finest
quality obtainable. We use nothing but
Armour's best brand of beef hams.

—Today was the regular Huber pay day
and about eleven thousand dollars were
handed out to the employees. This sum
does not include the new building pay roll
which is about \$2500.

—Take a look at our new suitings,
leave your order for a splendid pair of
trousers, \$5.00 made to order. New
styles in stiff hats. We are selling them at
a very small profit. "Live and let live" is
our motto.

—Customers at Isbell's barber shop were
given yield accounts of Fred's fishing ex-
cursion, while they were in the chairs to-
day. Fred's reputation for truth is too
well established for the repetition of any of
his stories to effect it, so we pass them. He
brought some fine fish home.

CHASE & HUNTER.
REAL ESTATE DEALERS.
Marion, Ohio.

FOR SALE.—A lot in Sargent's
addition, fronting on Center St.
Don't delay if you want a lot in
this desirable location.

FOR RENT.—House of 5 large
rooms on Park street, \$9 per
month.

FOR RENT.—Large house on
West street; will rent to careful
family for \$12.50 per month.

FOR SALE.—Two lots on east
South street for \$700 cash if
sold together; they are cheap.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
Fair, warmer weather, southerly winds. A cyclone is reported
prevailing over Santiago De Cuba, going to the northeastward.

—THE POPULARITY OF—
BLACK DRESS GOODS!
—Is greater than ever. This is to be a great
BLACK GOODS SEASON.
Our reputation for superior qualities in Black Silks and
fine Black Wool Dress Goods at very low prices, will be
fully sustained.
PRIESTLEY'S WORLD RENOWNED
Silk Warp and All-wool Henriettas, Drap-de-Almas,
Cords, Armures, etc. Broadcloths, Foule, Serges, Ama-
zon Cloths, Black Cashmeres.
The desire of every woman to be well dressed, to look at her
best, is inherent in her nature. Satisfaction and a consciousness of
wearing becoming clothes is always obtained if good black dresses
are bought.
WARNER & EDWARDS.

LOW PRICES SCHOOL BOOKS WIAINT'S.

CORSET AND BUSTLE.
Both Arranged Before a Large Jury of
Marion Ladies and a Strong Plea Made
to Banish Them by Mrs. Miller, the
Apostle of Dress Reform.

An audience such as Marion has never
known before gave Mrs. Jenness Miller a
very cordial reception at the city hall last
night. It was a gathering of ladies ex-
clusively, and the representative women of
Marion were there. They made a fine, im-
pressive audience, one noted for intelli-
gence, good looks and fine talents—for the
ladies donned their good garments to have
them present at the condemnation.

Not a man was present, not even a mod-
est newspaper man being allowed to in-
vade the precincts of this conference of
women, so this reference to the lecture of
Mrs. Miller is only offered as hearsay evi-
dence from combated sources, and it must
be taken, of course, with a grain of allow-
ance.

When the tall, well-formed and graceful
woman appeared before her audience there
were, of course, all the eyes in the audience
riveted upon her, for woman is a curious
being and she must be satisfied at the earli-
est convenience. It was immediately evi-
dent that her appearance pleased, for her
good form showed to advantage in her sen-
sible costume and her grace could not be
otherwise than attractive.

Her lecture was given in the conversa-
tional tone of a rather clear and silvery
voice. She commenced at the foundation
and discussed dress from standpoints relat-
ing to both health and beauty. The neces-
sary reform in under garments first re-
ceived attention. Mrs. Miller advocates the
abandonment of skirts and petticoats and
suggests "leglets"—a skirt for each leg—in
their stead, thus getting greater freedom of
action and less weight with more warmth.

Instead of vests and drawers she offers the
union under garment, thus putting them in
one piece with the weight falling upon the
shoulders.

The corset was most severely condemned
and a substitute suggested when necessary.
The bustle was heartlessly treated, de-
nounced and ridiculed when its life is al-
ready slowly ebbing away. She assumed
very truly that woman's beautiful form is
most symmetrical and most attractive when
undressed with rolls of newspaper, base
ball masks or any other style of bustle.

Attention was also given to the outer
garments, and on this portion of the needed
reform her arguments were as pointed and
conclusive as when directed against the
greater abuses. She showed various gar-
ments and her methods of escaping discoun-
forting and unhealthy dresses.

She really captivated her audience and
made numerous converts. Many of her
sayings were remarkably bright, her wit
charming and her sarcasm telling.

Tonight gentlemen are invited, and Mrs.
Miller will not only interest them as to wo-
man's dress, but will give them some val-
uable pointers for their own observance.

AT THE STATE FAIR.
(Columbus Journal.)
Charles Brown, of Marion, had his bay
gelding, Jack Brown, pined a half mile
against time, the object being to show to a
prospective purchaser what he could do.
A. T. Tallman, one of the veteran drivers
on the track, was behind the big bay. The
horse seemed once, but broke under the
wire. At the second score Tallman gave
the judges the nod and the gelding started
around the course. He has not been hand-
led well, it is said, and did not do nearly
so well as he can do, but although he broke
on the home stretch and lost a couple of
seconds, he finished the half mile through-
out and out over rough places in 1:09.

Twelve Fine Engravings 10x12.
It appears to be a positive certainty and
cannot be denied but that the great mass of
the people have tried all kinds in the
market and have finally settled down con-
fidently to use the old reliable Silver Soap,
and say they are not afraid to use it on the
most delicate fabric, and furthermore they
want to get 25 wrappers and send to
Thompson & Clute, Toledo, O., for one of
those 12 beautiful engravings, now on
exhibition in the city of Marion, of which
will be found in each grocery, from which
you can select and get free by mail. Call
on your grocer and insist upon having the
soap.

Knicker-Stick Wedding.
The marriage ceremony of Christian
Knicker and Miss Emma Sticker was so-
lempnized by Rev. Weicker, of St. John's
church, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 4th,
1890, at the bride's home.

The happy groom is well and favorably
known, and is the son of Christian Knicker,
a worthy and well-to-do farmer, who re-
sides one mile west of Waldo, on the Wal-
do and Prospect pike. The much-admired
and accomplished bride is the youngest
daughter of Edward Sticker, a model farm-
er and citizen, who resides three miles east
of Waldo.

The many friends and relatives present,
numbering upwards of two hundred, pres-
ently, chatting, singing, congratulating,
and partaking of a bountiful repast.

The happy couple was made the recipient
of a beautiful and valuable collection of
presents, donated with earnest good wish-
es for their future.

Dropped Dead.
Richard R. Farnum, a well known farm-
er of Pleasant township, died suddenly
Friday afternoon, of heart disease, at the
residence of his father, Erastus Farnum, on
the Prospect pike, about three miles from
this city. The deceased was 62 years old,
had never married, was a brother of Mrs.
W. H. Mohr of this city. The funeral will
take place tomorrow afternoon, from the
old homestead. This is the third member
of the family dying with the same disease.

IF YOU WANT
Hard or Soft Coal of the
BEST QUALITY

At the Bottom Price, or if
you need

Salt, Cement,
Plaster or

Timothy Seed

—GO TO—
SIMON D'WOLFE.

MASSILLON & COAL
—THE—
BEST in the MARKET.

—AT—
Frendergasts.

G. T. HARDING, M. D. will contin-
ue the practice of medicine in
Marion and vicinity. Ladies who wish
to consult with their own sex will find
Mrs. Harding at the office from 2 to 6 p.
m. Office over Star office.

HO! FOR SCHOOL!

TRISTRAM & YOUNG
Wish to call the attention of the
public to a new improved shoe
called the
**LITTLE
GIANT!**
Which they think superior to all
other school shoes, and in addi-
tion to this they have just received
a full line of misses' High and
Low Top, Heel and Spring Heel,
Box Tip
**SCHOOL
SHOES,**
which will pay you to call and ex-
amine.

Boys and girls going to school do more walking in an hour than a
grown person does in a day, and hence should have the very best
wearing footwear, which can be had at

TRISTRAM & YOUNG'S.

OUR NEW GOODS ARE ARRIVING DAILY.

Call in and we will take
pleasure in showing you
the best selected
stock of

DRY GOODS!

For Fall and Winter
Wear

Ever brought to Marion.

—OUR SPECIALTY—

Dress Goods and
Dress Trimmings.

See our styles and examine our
prices on New Goods.

JNO. FRASH.

NEW FALL GOODS!

My Fall Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES!

Is now in, opened out and marked at prices that make

ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS.

Positively, I have opened out a finer and larger stock than I have
ever before purchased. Wearers of Fine Footwear are
urged to inspect it, and Bargain Seekers are as-
sured that they will be interested
by a visit.

SCHOOL SHOES!

For the Boys and Girls.

G. ROSENBERG,

South Main Street.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR.